Introduction

Image Captioning is a growing field where using attention model has become a popular approach. Here we explored using an object detection encoder to provide sequential input instead of a traditional CNN, giving us a sequential Encoding and Decoding along with the Attention Model.

Dataset

We use COCO (Common Object in Context) as our dataset. In COCO, each image has 5 captions. To save training time, we only use 80k images from COCO training set and split these 80k images into training, dev and test sets.

Number of images = 81219
Number of image/caption pairs = 406,095 (81219*5)
Training/Dev/Test set splits = 80/10/10

1. pair of zebras enjoying quiet time in zoo setting.
2. one zebra is laying down and another zebra is standing up.
3. two zebras in a exhibit one standing and one laying down.
4. two zebra standing next to each other on dirt ground.
5. two grown zebra inside some kind of enclosure

Architecture

Convert input image to a sequence of objects:

We use a Mask-RCNN model to convert the input picture to a sequence of objects. This model first uses CNN to get feature vector of the input image and uses an RPN to determine ROIs. Then we combine ROIs with their corresponding CNN features to get feature matrix of different objects.

Encoder/Decoder model:

Attention plot

Input sequence: \( W, O_r, r \in \{1, 2, ..., T_o \} \) \( W_i \) = embedding matrix, \( O_r \) = CNN feature of \( r \)-th object

Target sequence: \( W, S_r, r \in \{1, 2, ..., T_a \} \) \( W_j \) = embedding matrix, \( S_r \) = One-hot vector of input word

Attention mechanism we use is Bahdanau attention

Future Work

Although the Bleu score of our model is better than the baseline model, it is not as good as other models on COCO leaderboard. In future we can improve our model the following ways:

1. The Mask-RCNN model we use can only detected 80 kinds of objects. We can re-train the Mask-RCNN to detect more objects.
2. Number of objects vary from image to image. We should group images with similar number of objects and train in buckets instead of padding all input sequence to have same length 40.