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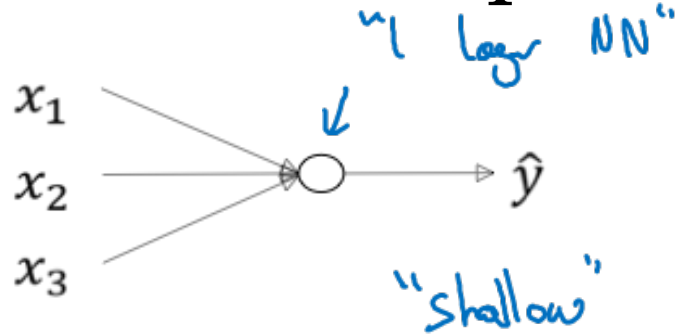


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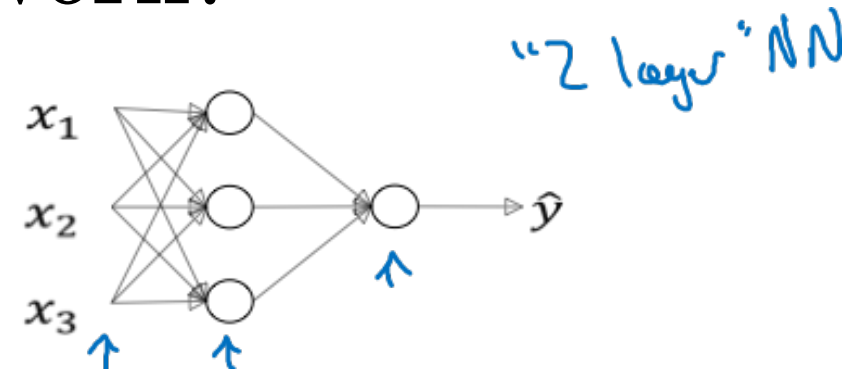
Deep Neural Networks

Deep L-layer
Neural network

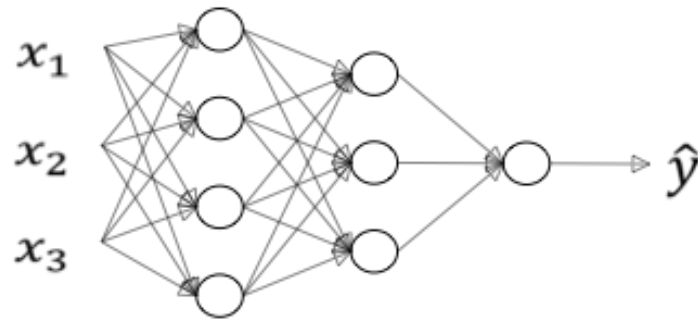
What is a deep neural network?



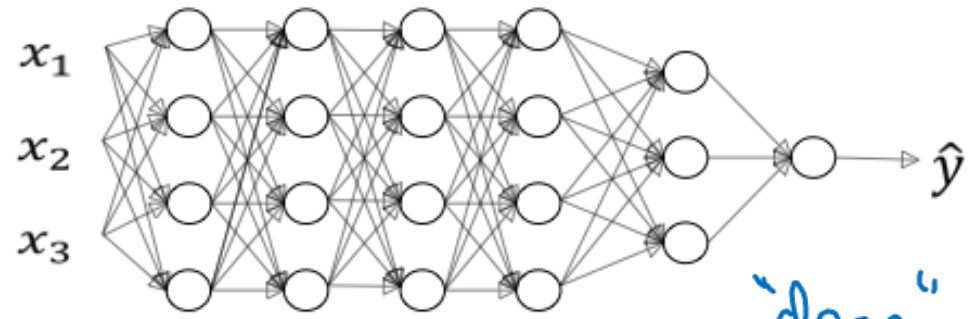
logistic regression



1 hidden layer



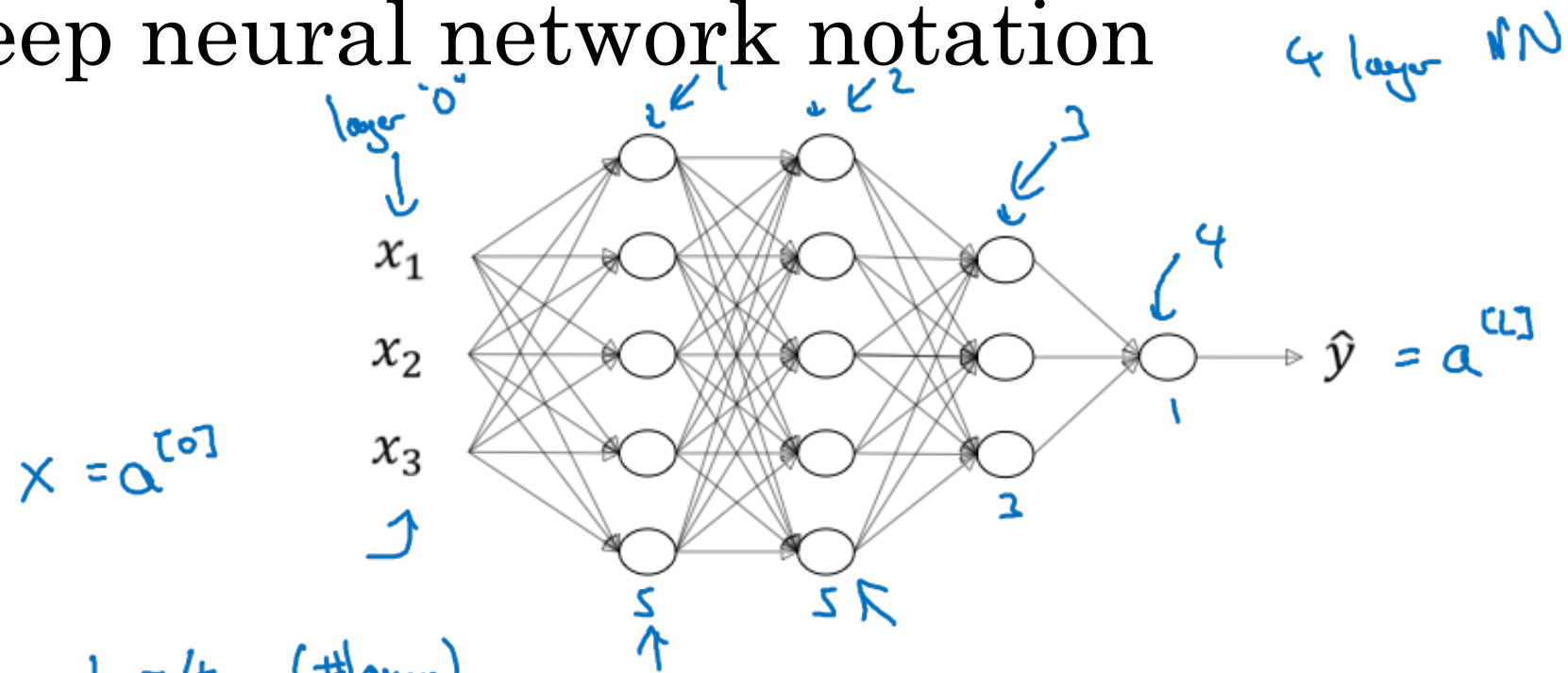
2 hidden layers



5 hidden layers

"deep"

Deep neural network notation



$L = 4$ (#layers)

$n^{[l]} = \# \text{units in layer } l$

$a^{[l]} = \text{activations in layer } l$

$a^{[l]} = g(z^{[l]})$, $w_{\delta a}^{[l]} = \text{weights for } \underline{z^{[l]}}$

$n^{[1]} = 5, n^{[2]} = 5, n^{[3]} = 3, n^{[4]} = n^{[L]} = 1$

$n^{[0]} = n_x = 3$

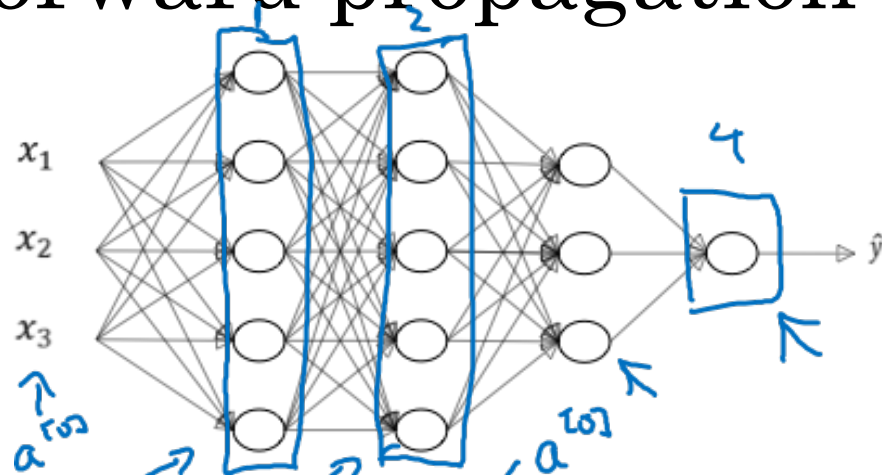


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Deep Neural Networks

Forward Propagation in a Deep Network

Forward propagation in a deep network



$$z^{[l]} = W^{[l]} A^{[l-1]} + b^{[l]}$$

$$A^{[l]} = g^{[l]}(z^{[l]})$$

$A^{[0]} = X$

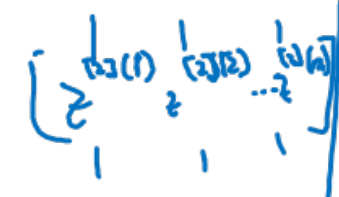
$$X : z^{[1]} = W^{[1]} a^{[0]} + b^{[1]}$$

$$a^{[1]} = g^{[1]}(z^{[1]})$$

$$z^{[2]} = W^{[2]} a^{[1]} + b^{[2]}$$

$$a^{[2]} = g^{[2]}(z^{[2]})$$

$$z^{[4]} = W^{[4]} a^{[3]} + b^{[4]}, \quad a^{[4]} = g^{[4]}(z^{[4]})$$



Vertical:

$$z^{[1]} = W^{[1]} A^{[0]} + b^{[1]}$$

$$A^{[1]} = g^{[1]}(z^{[1]})$$

$$z^{[2]} = W^{[2]} A^{[1]} + b^{[2]}$$

$$A^{[2]} = g^{[2]}(z^{[2]})$$

$$\hat{Y} = g^{[4]}(z^{[4]}) = A^{[4]}$$

$\rightarrow X = A^{[0]}$

for $l=1 \dots 4$



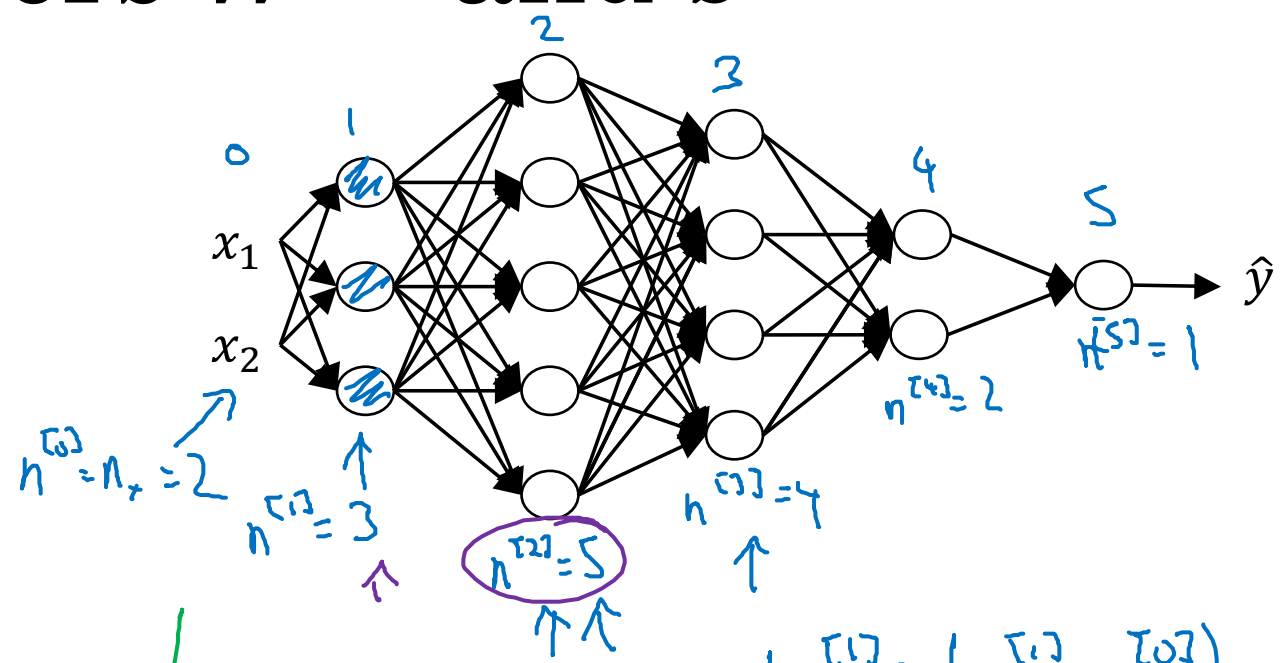
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Deep Neural Networks

Getting your matrix
dimensions right

Parameters $W^{[l]}$ and $b^{[l]}$

\downarrow
 $z^{[L]} = g^{[L]}(a^{[L]})$
 \uparrow
 \downarrow
 $a^{[L]}$



$L=5$

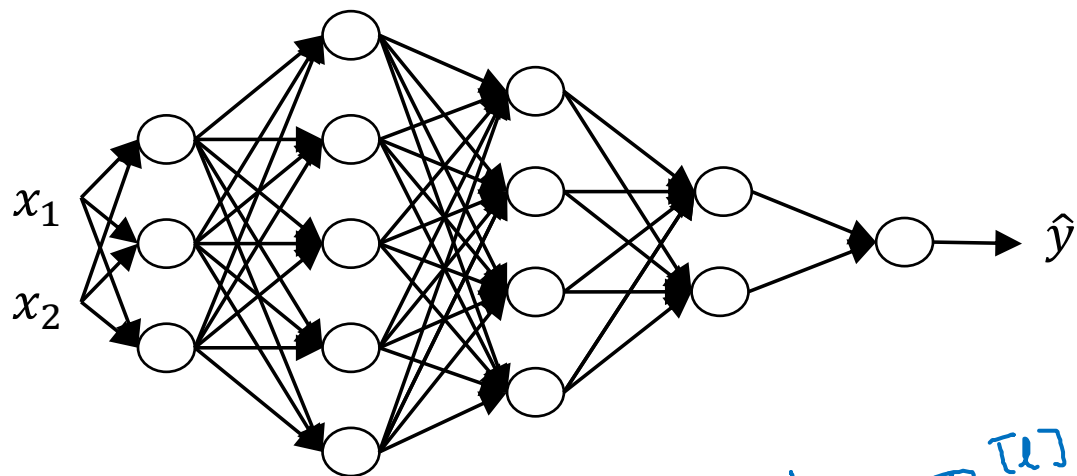
$\rightarrow W^{[L]}: (n^{[L]}, n^{[L-1]})$
 $\rightarrow b^{[L]}: (n^{[L]}, 1)$
 $\rightarrow \Delta W^{[L]}: (n^{[L]}, n^{[L-1]})$
 $\rightarrow \Delta b^{[L]}: (n^{[L]}, 1)$

\downarrow
 $z^{[l]} = W^{[l]} \cdot x + b^{[l]}$
 $(3,1) \leftarrow (3,2) \quad (2,1)$
 $(n^{[l]}, 1) \quad (n^{[l]}, n^{[l-1]}) \quad (n^{[l-1]}, 1)$
 $(3,1) \quad (n^{[l]}, 1)$

$W^{[1]}: (n^{[1]}, n^{[0]})$
 $W^{[2]}: (5, 3) \quad (n^{[2]}, n^{[1]})$
 $z^{[2]} = W^{[2]} \cdot a^{[1]} + b^{[2]}$
 $\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$
 $\rightarrow (5,1) \quad (5,3) \quad (3,1)$
 $(5,1) \quad (n^{[2]}, 1)$
 $W^{[3]}: (4, 5)$
 $W^{[4]}: (2, 4)$, $W^{[5]}: (1, 2)$

$\begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$

Vectorized implementation



$$z^{[l]} = W^{[l]} \cdot x + b^{[l]}$$

$(n^{[l]}, 1)$ $(n^{[l]}, n^{[l-1]})$ $(n^{[l-1]}, 1)$ $(n^{[l-1]}, 1)$

$$\begin{bmatrix} z^{[1]} \\ z^{[2]} \\ \dots \\ z^{[L]} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z^{[l]} = W^{[l]} \cdot X + b^{[l]}$$

$(n^{[l]}, m)$ $(n^{[l]}, n^{[l-1]})$ $(n^{[l-1]}, m)$ $(n^{[l-1]}, 1)$

$(n^{[l]}, m)$ $(n^{[l]}, n^{[l-1]})$ $(n^{[l-1]}, m)$ $(n^{[l-1]}, m)$

$$z^{[l]}, a^{[l]} : (n^{[l]}, 1)$$

$$z^{[l]}, A^{[l]} : (n^{[l]}, m)$$

$l=0 \quad A^{[0]} = X = (n^{[0]}, m)$

$$dz^{[l]}, dA^{[l]} : (n^{[l]}, m)$$

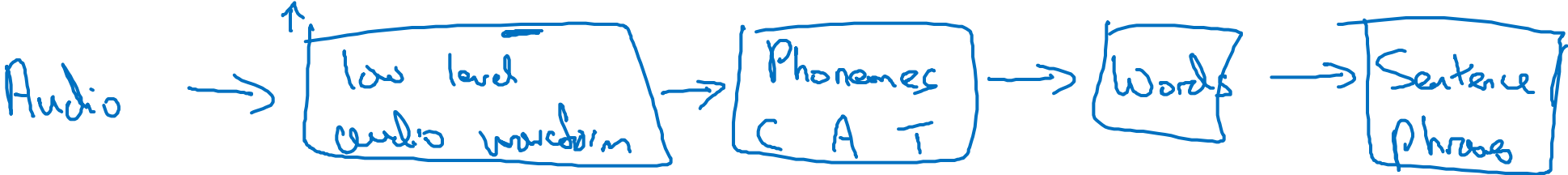
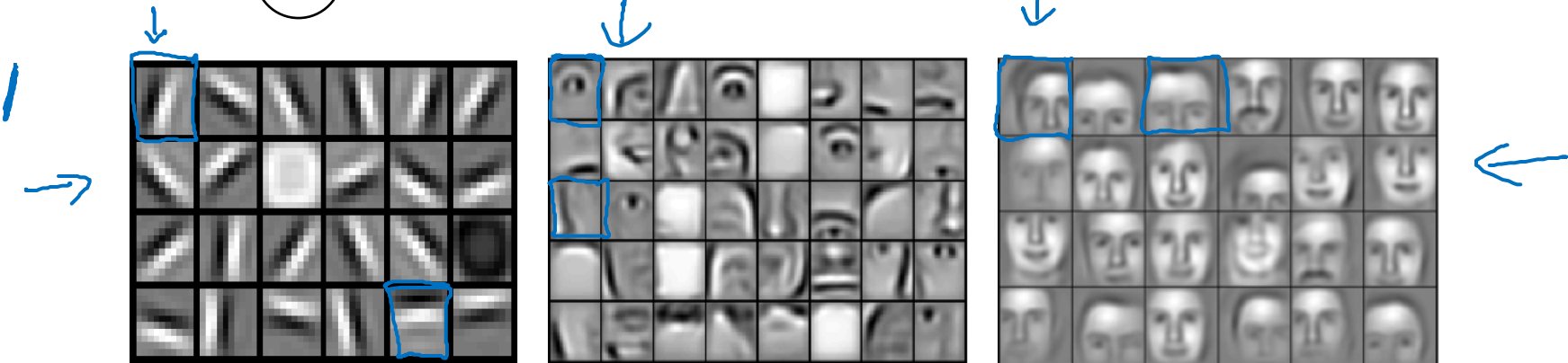
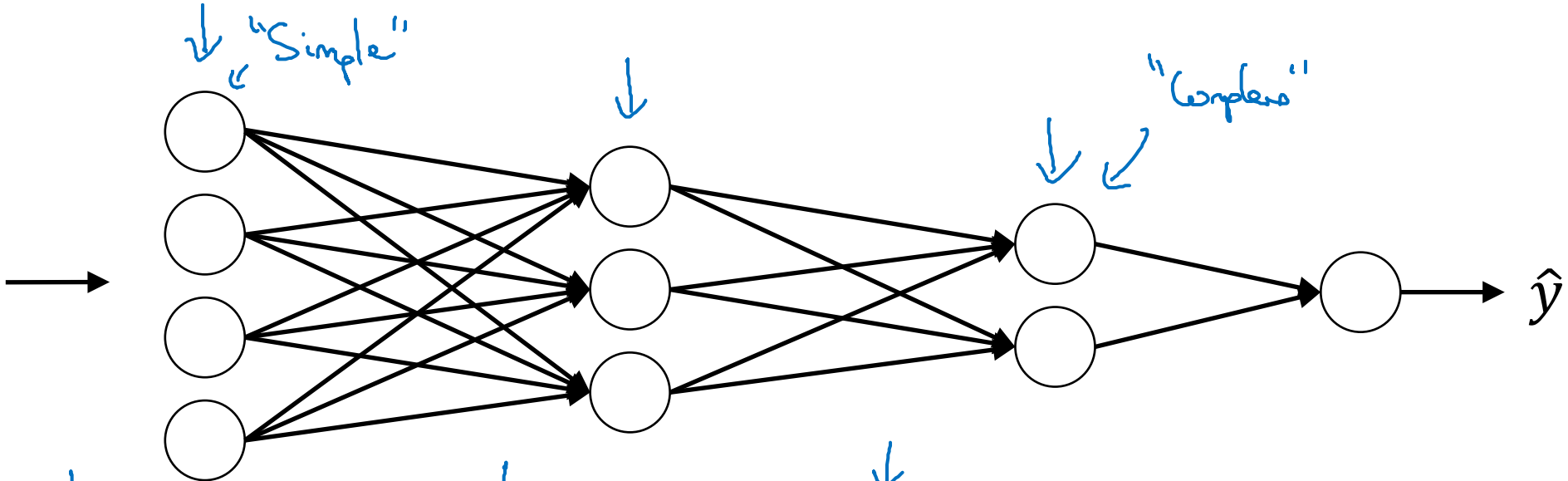
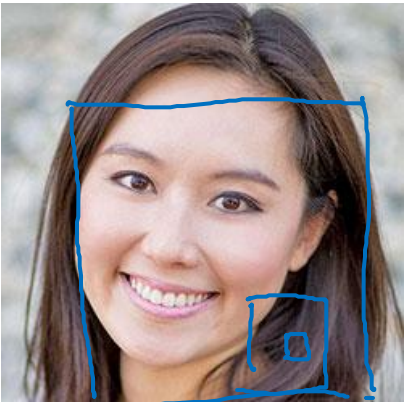


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Deep Neural Networks

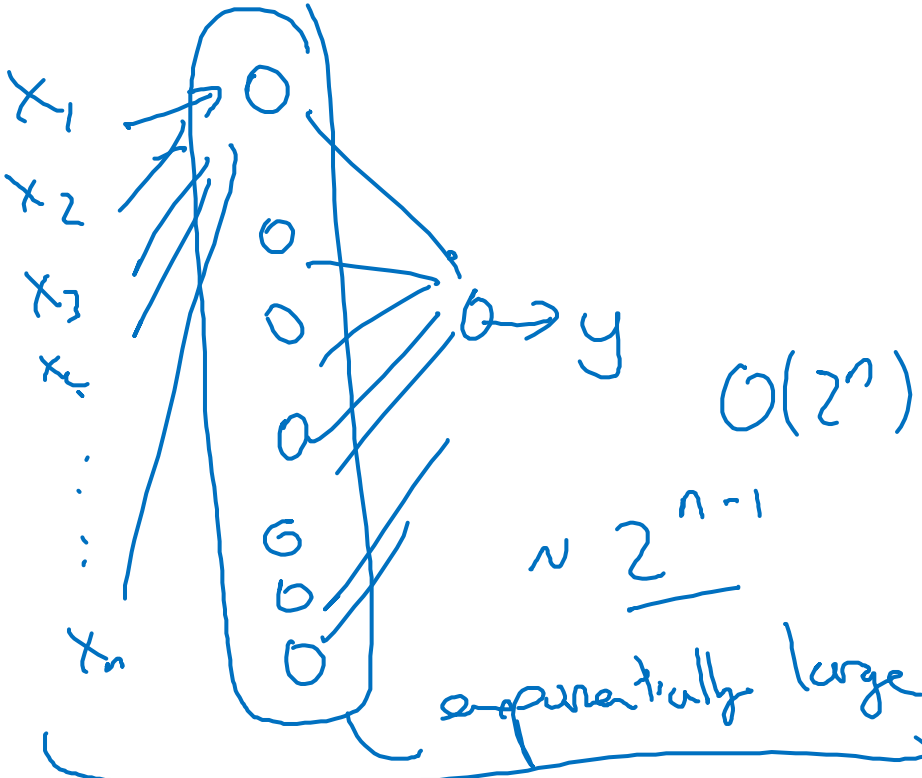
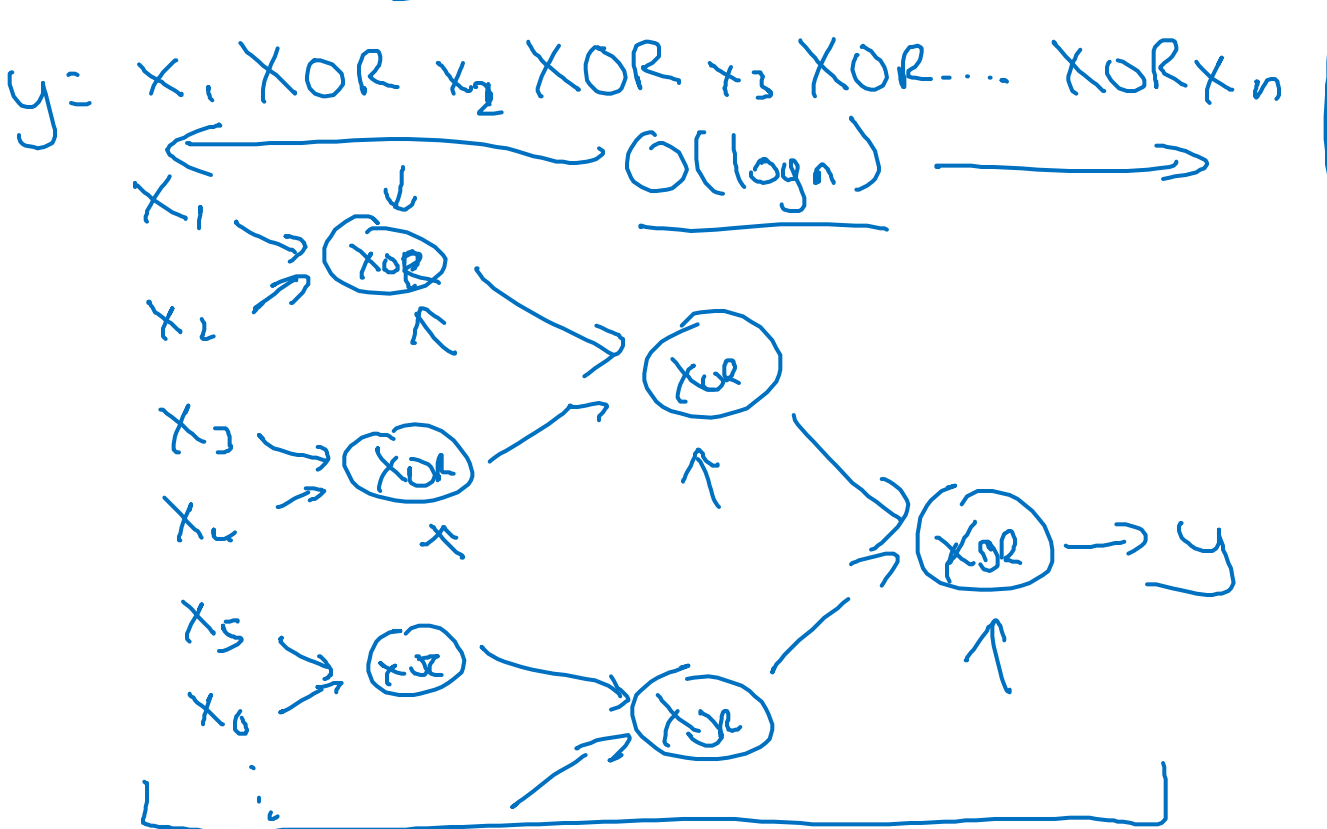
Why deep
representations?

Intuition about deep representation



Circuit theory and deep learning

Informally: There are functions you can compute with a “small” L-layer deep neural network that shallower networks require exponentially more hidden units to compute.



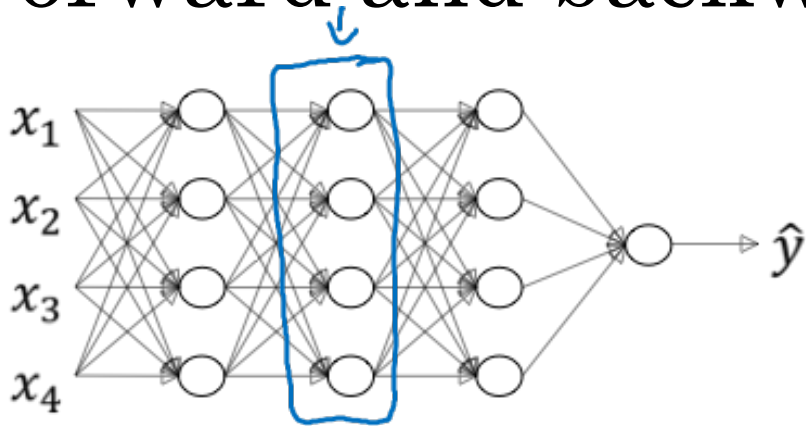


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Deep Neural Networks

Building blocks of
deep neural networks

Forward and backward functions



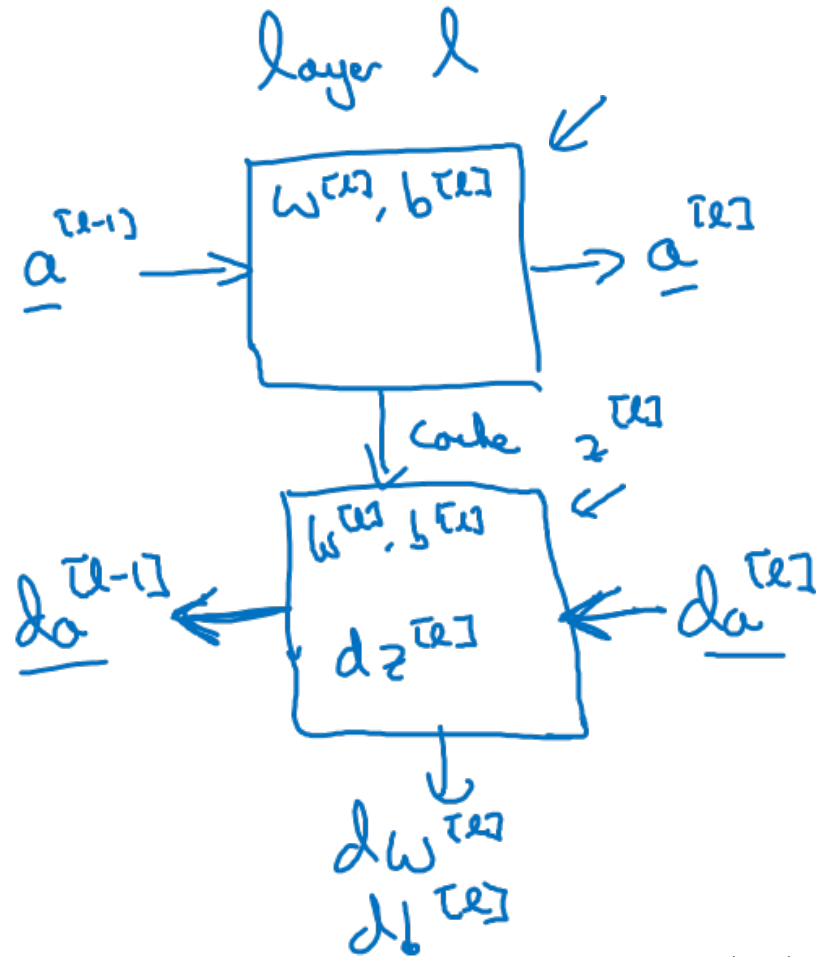
layer l : $W^{[l]}, b^{[l]}$

→ Forward: Input $a^{[l-1]}$, output $a^{[l]}$

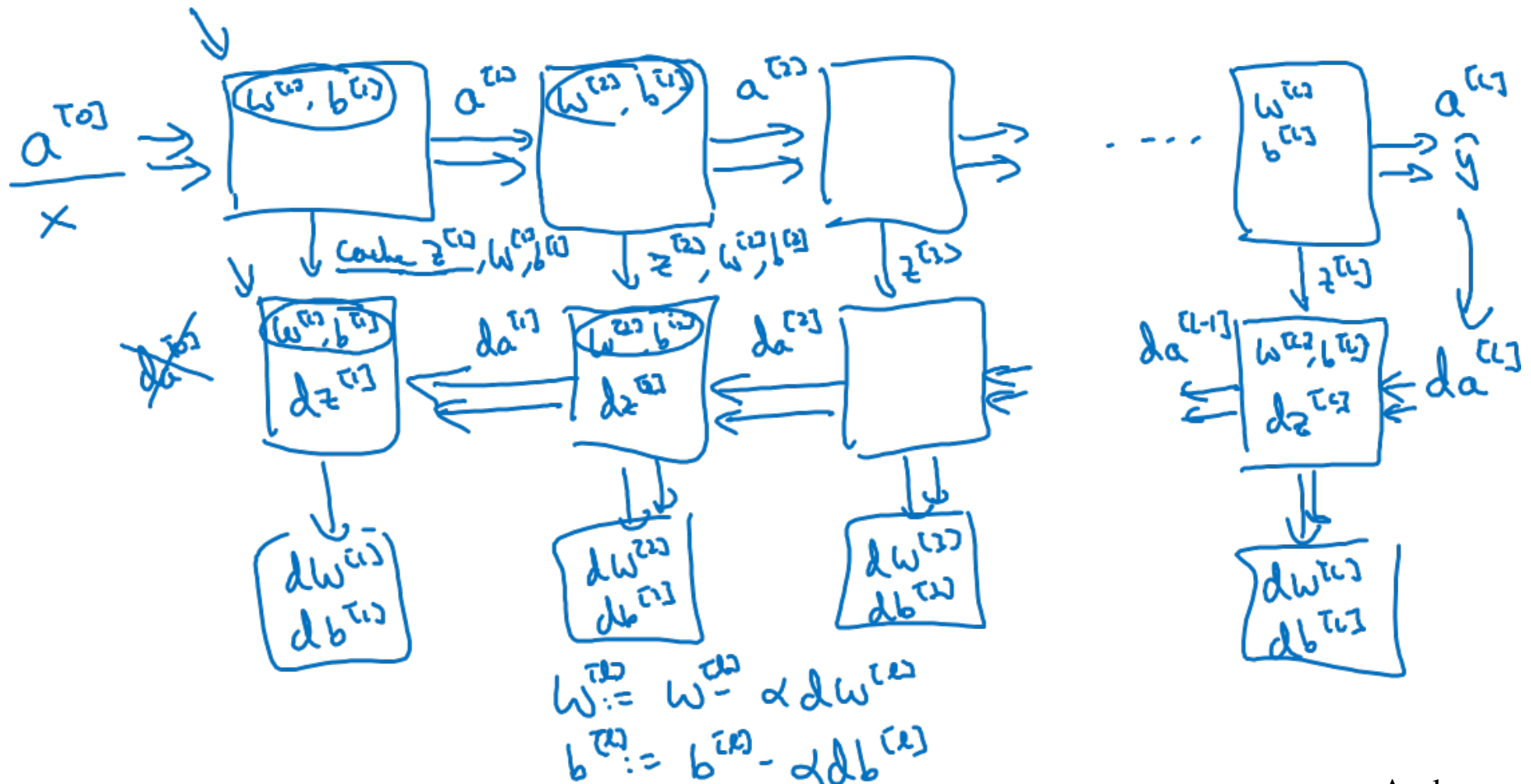
$$z^{[l]} = W^{[l]} a^{[l-1]} + b^{[l]} \quad \text{cache } z^{[l]}$$

$$a^{[l]} = g^{[l]}(z^{[l]})$$

→ Backward: Input $da^{[l]}$, cache $z^{[l]}$, output $da^{[l-1]}$
 $\frac{dL}{dW^{[l]}}$
 $\frac{dL}{db^{[l]}}$



Forward and backward functions





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Deep Neural Networks

**Forward and backward
propagation**

Backward propagation for layer l

→ Input $da^{[l]}$

→ Output $da^{[l-1]}, dW^{[l]}, db^{[l]}$

$$dz^{[l]} = da^{[l]} * g^{[l]'}(z^{[l]})$$

$$dW^{[l]} = dz^{[l]} \cdot \underline{a^{[l-1]}}$$

$$db^{[l]} = dz^{[l]}$$

$$da^{[l-1]} = W^{[l]T} \cdot dz^{[l]}$$

$$dz^{[l]} = W^{[l+1]T} dz^{[l+1]} * g^{[l]'}(z^{[l]})$$

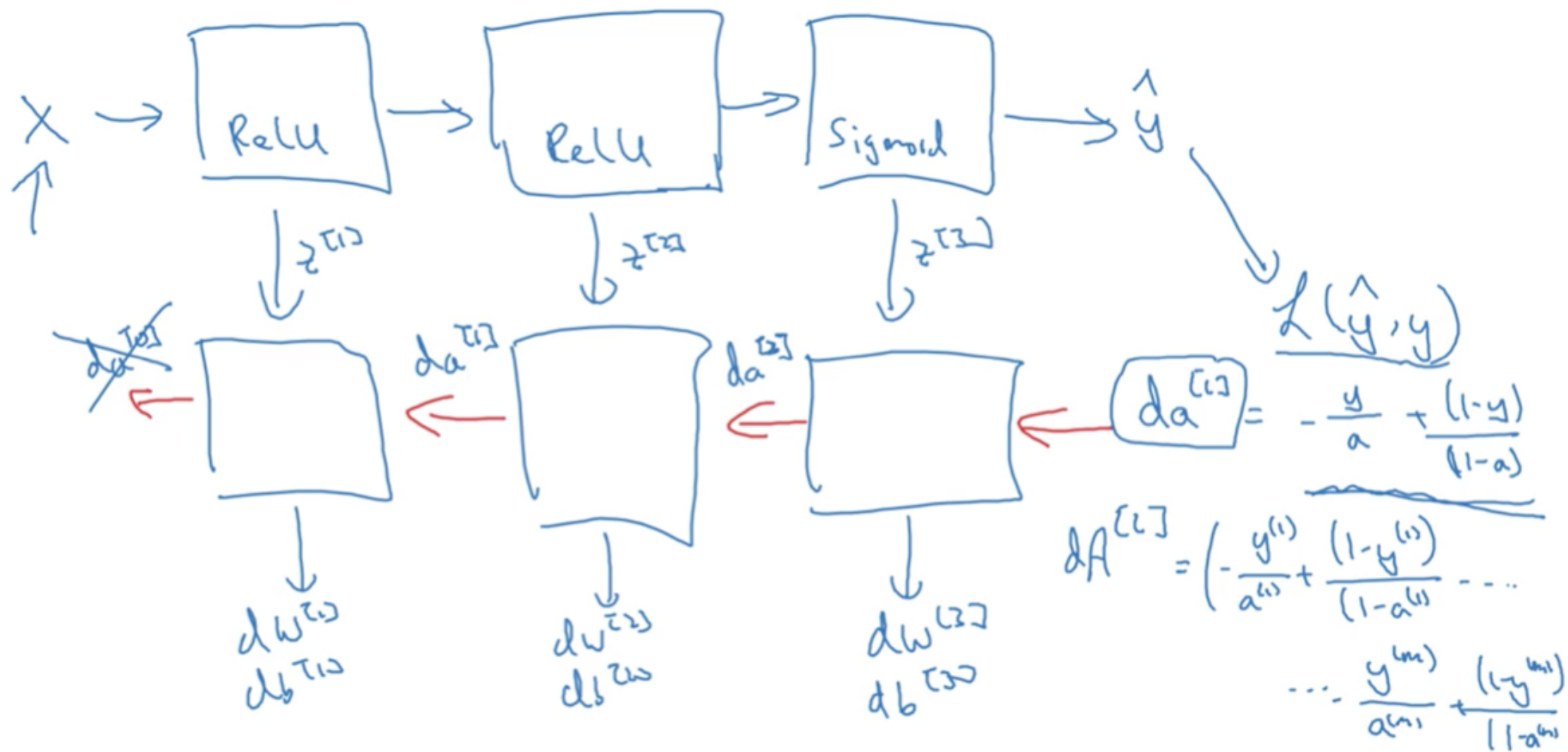
$$dz^{[l]} = dA^{[l]} * g^{[l]'}(z^{[l]})$$

$$dW^{[l]} = \frac{1}{n} dz^{[l]} \cdot A^{[l-1]T}$$

$$db^{[l]} = \frac{1}{n} \text{np.sum}(dz^{[l]}, \text{axis}=1, \text{keepdims}=\text{True})$$

$$dA^{[l-1]} = W^{[l]T} \cdot dz^{[l]}$$

Summary





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Deep Neural Networks

Parameters vs Hyperparameters

What are hyperparameters?

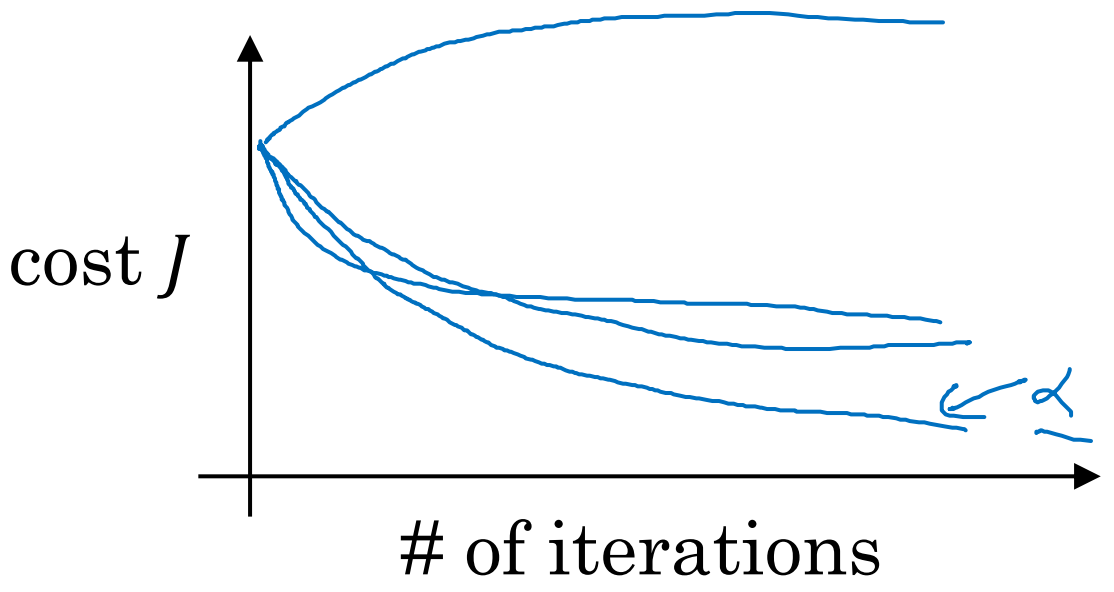
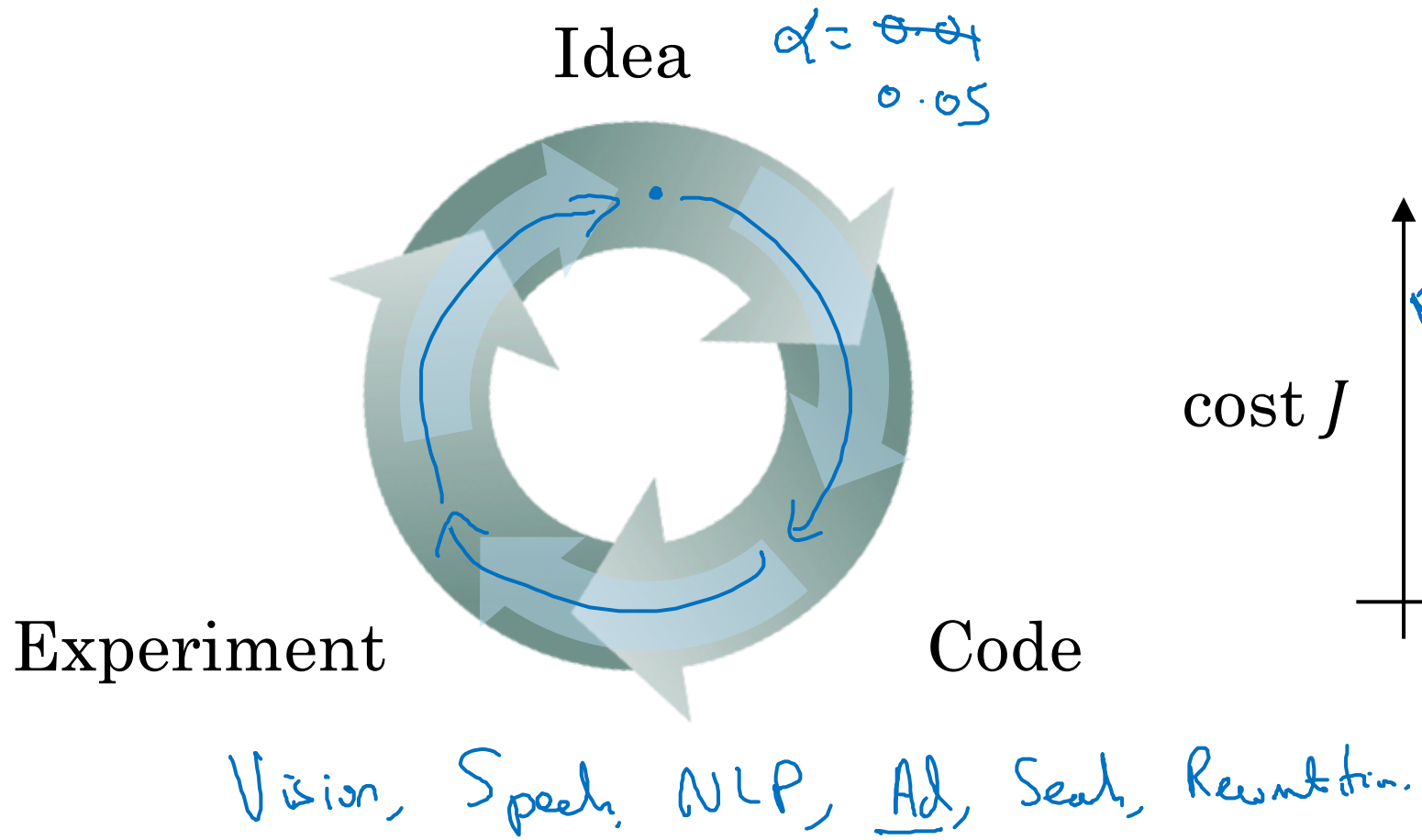
Parameters: $W^{[1]}, b^{[1]}, W^{[2]}, b^{[2]}, W^{[3]}, b^{[3]} \dots$

Hyperparameters:

- learning rate α
- # iterations τ
- # hidden layers L
- # hidden units $n^{[1]}, n^{[2]}, \dots$
- choice of activation function

Loss: Momentum, mini-batch size, regularizations, ...

Applied deep learning is a very empirical process





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Deep Neural Networks

What does this
have to do with
the brain?

Forward and backward propagation

$$\begin{aligned}Z^{[1]} &= W^{[1]}X + b^{[1]} \\A^{[1]} &= g^{[1]}(Z^{[1]}) \\Z^{[2]} &= W^{[2]}A^{[1]} + b^{[2]} \\A^{[2]} &= g^{[2]}(Z^{[2]}) \\&\vdots \\A^{[L]} &= g^{[L]}(Z^{[L]}) = \hat{Y}\end{aligned}$$

"It's like the brain"



$$\begin{aligned}dZ^{[L]} &= A^{[L]} - Y \\dW^{[L]} &= \frac{1}{m} dZ^{[L]} A^{[L]T} \\db^{[L]} &= \frac{1}{m} np.sum(dZ^{[L]}, axis = 1, keepdims = True) \\dZ^{[L-1]} &= dW^{[L]T} dZ^{[L]} g'^{[L]}(Z^{[L-1]}) \\&\vdots \\dZ^{[1]} &= dW^{[L]T} dZ^{[2]} g'^{[1]}(Z^{[1]}) \\dW^{[1]} &= \frac{1}{m} dZ^{[1]} A^{[1]T} \\db^{[1]} &= \frac{1}{m} np.sum(dZ^{[1]}, axis = 1, keepdims = True)\end{aligned}$$

