

Human Portrait Super Resolution using GANs

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1 Introduction

- Super resolution can be useful in
- surveillance application
 - medical imaging
 - satellite image analysis
 - photo recovery

Since human precision has a higher standard for faces and can really tell the nuances, we explore different neural network models and train a neural network to do super resolution to match this level of expectation.

- SRGAN is the state-of-the-art in SR
- PGGAN is the state-of-the-art in generating HD faces
- Transfer learning
- Mix loss of perceptual VGG loss and MSE loss
- Our models of SRWGAN-GP and SRPGGAN generates photo-realistic results

We build 4 models from scratch:

- SRResnet as baseline model
- SRGAN
- SRWGAN-GP
- SRPGGAN

2 Data

- Dataset:
- CelebA-HQ dataset
 - 30k 1024x1024 celebrity images
 - Most are cropped front face portrait

Data Preprocessing:

- Preprocessed to different resolution: 512x512, 256x256, 128x128, 64x64, 32x32, 16x16
- Split into 28000/1000/1000 as train/dev/test sets
- Choose input LR size of 32x32

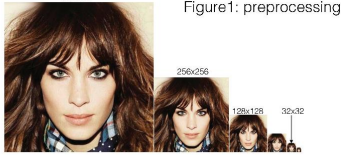


Figure 1: preprocessing

3 Methods

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------|
| SRResnet | SRGAN | SRWGAN-GP | SRPGGAN |
| ● Resnet | ● NSGAN | ● WGAN-GP | ● PGGAN |
| ● Skip connection | ● SRResnet as G | ● transfer learning | ● WGAN-GP |
| ● MSE loss | ● Mix loss | ● Mix loss | ● Mix loss |

MSE loss and perceptual VGG loss

$$J_{MSE}^{SR} = \frac{1}{r^2 W H} \sum_{x=1}^{cW} \sum_{y=1}^{cH} (I_{x,y}^{HR} - G_{\theta_G}(I_{x,y}^{LR}))^2 \quad (1)$$

$$J_{VGG}^{SR} = \frac{1}{W_i H_i} \sum_{x=1}^{W_i} \sum_{y=1}^{H_i} (\phi_{i,j}(I_{x,y}^{HR}) - \phi_{i,j}(G_{\theta_G}(I_{x,y}^{LR})))^2 \quad (2)$$

SRGAN

$$m \text{ in } m \text{ a } x \text{ E }_{\theta_D} J_{SR-Percept}(I_{SR}^{HR}, D_{\theta_D}(I_{SR}^{HR})) + \text{E }_{\theta_G} J_{LR-PG}(I_{LR}, D_{\theta_D}(G_{\theta_G}(I_{LR}^{LR}))) \quad (3)$$

SRWGAN

$$m \text{ in } m \text{ a } x \text{ E }_{\theta_D} J_{SR-Percept}(I_{SR}^{HR}, D_{\theta_D}(I_{SR}^{HR})) - \text{E }_{\theta_G} J_{LR-PG}(I_{LR}, D_{\theta_D}(G_{\theta_G}(I_{LR}^{LR}))) \quad (4)$$

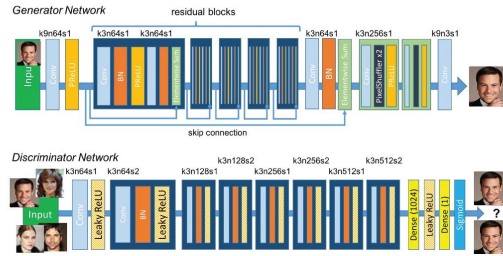


Figure 2: SRGAN model and SRResnet using Generator Architecture

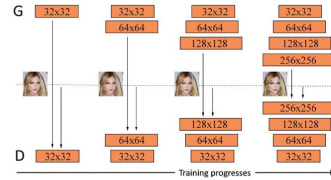


Figure 3: SRPGGAN model

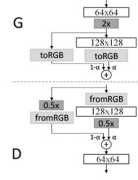


Figure 4: transition

4 Results

- SRResnet has highest PSNR but overly smooth texture
- SRGAN has better result than SRResnet
- SRWGAN-GP and SRPGGAN has better result than SRGAN

Model	PSNR
SRResnet	25.10
SRGAN	24.57
SRWGAN-GP	23.67
SRPGGAN	23.29

Table 1: PSNR Comparison



Figure 5: SR with 4x scaling Output Comparison

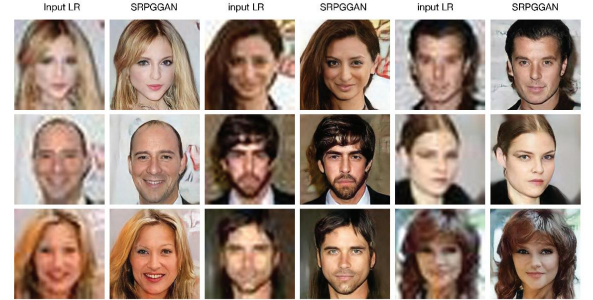


Figure 6: SRPGGAN 8x scaling factor generates photo-realistic results

5 Conclusion

- Successfully implemented SRGAN and SRResnet models with 4x scaling
- Extended SRGAN to SRWGAN-GP with transfer learning to get improved results
- Integrated techniques of PGGAN to grow the generator and discriminator progressively
- Built a SRPGGAN model to do 8x scaling super resolution
- Mixloss of MSE and perceptual VGG loss removed checkerboard artifacts, and generated better results than MSE smoothed out images
- Try adding more side view images to the data set for future work
- More hyperparameter tuning (e.g. VGG scale, adversarial scale, etc)